

SEXUAL MISCONDUCT POLICY (TITLE IX)

SEXUAL MISCONDUCT POLICY

Title IX

No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subject to discrimination under any educational programs or activity receiving federal financial assistance. (Title IX of the Education Amendments, 1972)

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Policy Overview

This policy sets forth Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's obligations under the 2020 Title IX Regulations. This policy also includes Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's obligations under the 2013 Clery Amendments pertaining to sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking.

Statement of Non-Discrimination

Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary does not discriminate on the basis of sex in its educational programs and activities, including employment and admission. Complaints of discrimination based on sex will be handled under Anti-Discrimination and Anti-Harassment Policy.

Policy Statement

Sexual misconduct is unacceptable and will not be tolerated at Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary ("Seminary"). Accordingly, the Seminary urges an individual to make a formal report if that individual is the victim of sexual misconduct, has knowledge of another person being the victim of sexual misconduct, or believes in good faith that he/she has witnessed a possible warning sign of sexual misconduct. A report of sexual misconduct will be dealt with promptly. Confidentiality will be maintained to the greatest extent possible. Individuals found responsible for violating this policy will be subject to disciplinary action that may include termination, expulsion, suspension, removal from campus, cancellation of contract, other appropriate institutional sanctions, or any other means necessary to address the behavior. Prosecution by civil or criminal authorities may also occur.

Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's Sexual Misconduct Policy and Title IX resources can be found online at: http://www.garrett.edu/sexual-misconduct-and-title-ix.

The Seminary's Title IX Coordinator is Carine Lopez Velazquez and she may be contacted by calling 847-866-3918, visiting room 118 in the Main Building, emailing titlenine@garrett.edu.

Scope of Policy

The definitions of prohibited conduct in this policy applies to all members of the Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary community, including but not limited to students, faculty, adjunct faculty, staff, administrators, and independent contractors, as well as Seminary visitors, volunteers, guests, and third parties who experience prohibited sexual harassment in Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's education programs or activities. This includes locations, events, or circumstances over which Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary exercised substantial control over both the Respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs, and includes any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary. The procedures in this policy for adjudicating Title IX sexual harassment apply to students, faculty, staff, and those attempting to participate in Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's educational programs and activities. Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary has other policies and procedures that may be applicable if the conduct does not meet the definition of prohibited sexual harassment under this policy or otherwise fall within the scope of this policy.

Prohibiting Sexual Misconduct

Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary is committed to a safe and healthy environment and, as such, does not tolerate sexual misconduct in any form, including but not limited to, sexual harassment or sexual assault, gender-based harassment, sexual-orientation based harassment, sexual exploitation, stalking, dating, or domestic violence, and discrimination based on pregnancy and prenatal status. Such conduct violates the community values and principles of our institution and disrupts the living, learning, and working environment for students, faculty, staff, and other community members. Such conduct will be handled under this policy if it meets the definition of Title IX sexual harassment. Otherwise, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary has other policies and procedures that may be applicable if the conduct does not meet the definition of prohibited sexual harassment under this policy or otherwise fall within the scope of this policy.

An attempt to commit an act identified in this policy, as well as assisting or willfully encouraging any such act, is considered a violation of this policy. Community members may also be held responsible for any misconduct by their visitors and guests.

Definitions of Prohibited Sexual Misconduct

Title IX Sexual Harassment

In accordance with its obligations under the Title IX Regulations of 2020, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary prohibits sexual harassment, ("Title IX Sexual Harrassment") which is conduct based on sex, including gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation, that satisfies one or more of the following definitions:

- **1. Quid Pro Quo Conduct.** An employee conditions the provision of aid, benefit, or service of Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct:
- **2. Unwelcome Conduct.** Unwelcome conduct that is determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's education program or activity; or
- **3. Sexual assault.** This category of prohibited conduct includes the following:
 - i. Sex Offenses—Any sexual act directed against another person, without the affirmative consent of the victim including instances where the victim is incapable of giving affirmative consent. Sexual Act is defined as conduct between persons consisting of:
 - a. Contact between the penis and the vulva.
 - b. Contact between the penis and the anus.
 - c. Contact between the mouth and the penis.
 - d. Contact between the mouth and the vulva
 - ii. Non-Consensual Penetration Actual or attempted penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the affirmative consent of the victim. This includes penetration forcibly and/or against

that person's will or not forcibly or against the person's will in instances where the victim is incapable of giving affirmative consent because of their temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Fondling—The non-consensual touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without affirmative consent, whether forcibly and/or against that person's will or not forcibly or against the person's will in instances where the victim is incapable of giving affirmative consent because of their youth or because of their temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

iv. Other Lawfully Prohibited Sexual Intercourse

This category includes conduct constituting sexual assault that does not meet the definition of Non-Consensual Penetration or Fondling:

- i. Nonforcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law, regardless of affirmative consent.
- ii. Nonforcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent, regardless of affirmative consent.
- **4. Dating violence.** Violence committed by a person— (A) who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and (B) where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: (i) The length of the relationship. (ii) The type of relationship. (iii) The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
- **5. Domestic violence.** A felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the state of California or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the state of California.
- **6. Stalking**. Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to— (A) fear for their safety or the safety of others; or (B) suffer substantial emotional distress.

Definitions

1. Affirmative consent means affirmative, conscious, and voluntary agreement to engage in sexual activity. It is the responsibility of each person involved in the sexual activity to ensure that they have the affirmative consent of the other or others to engage in the sexual activity. Affirmative consent must be ongoing throughout a sexual activity and can be revoked at any time.

- Lack of protest or resistance does not mean consent.
- Silence does not mean consent.
- The existence of a dating relationship between the persons involved, or the fact of past sexual relations between them, should never by itself be assumed to be an indicator of consent.

It shall not be a valid excuse that the Respondent believed that the Complainant affirmatively consented to the sexual activity if the Respondent knew or reasonably should have known that the Complainant was unable to consent to the sexual activity under any of the following circumstances:

- The Complainant was asleep or unconscious.
- The Complainant was incapacitated due to the influence of drugs, alcohol, or medication, so that the Complainant could not understand the fact, nature, or extent of the sexual activity.
- The Complainant was unable to communicate due to a mental or physical condition.

In addition, it shall not be a valid excuse to alleged lack of affirmative consent that the Respondent believed that the Complainant consented to the sexual activity under either of the following circumstances:

- The Respondent's belief in affirmative consent arose from the intoxication or recklessness of the Respondent.
- The Respondent did not take reasonable steps, in the circumstances known to the Respondent at the time, to ascertain whether the Complainant affirmatively consented.
- **2. Complainant** means an individual who is alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment under this policy.
- 3. Formal complaint means a document filed by a Complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging Title IX sexual harassment against a Respondent and requesting that Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary investigate the allegation of Title IX sexual harassment. At the time of filing a Formal Complaint, a Complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in the education program or activity of Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary with which the Formal Complaint is filed.
- **4. Grievance Process** means the fact-finding process from the time of the filing of the Formal Complaint through the final determination of an appeal (if any).
- **5. Respondent** means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment under this policy.
- **6. Supportive Measures** means non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge

to the Complainant or the Respondent before or after the filing of a Formal Complaint or where no Formal Complaint has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's education program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures may include counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work or housing locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. Supportive measures may also include written notification about available services both within the institution and the community and options for available assistance as required by the Clery Act. Supportive measures are not disciplinary measures.

Incapacitation

Consent is not present when an individual is incapacitated, voluntarily or involuntarily, due to physical condition (sleep, lack of consciousness, alcohol, drugs), or disability that impairs the individual's ability to provide consent. Incapacitation is the physical and/or mental inability to make informed, rationale, judgments, and decisions. A person who is incapacitated may be unaware of where they are, how they got there, who they are with, or why or how they became engaged in a sexual interaction.

Alcohol or Drug Use

A person is not incapacitated merely because they have been drinking alcohol or using drugs. Some indicators of incapacitation include, but are not limited to, lack of control over physical movements, slurring of speech, unsteady gait, vomiting, lack of awareness of circumstances or surroundings, emotional volatility, and/or the inability to communicate. An incapacitated individual may experience a blackout in which they appear to be giving consent, but they do not actually have conscious awareness or the ability to consent. It is especially important, therefore, that anyone engaging in sexual activity be aware of the other person's level of intoxication and look for obvious warning signs that a person may be incapacitated.

The use of alcohol or drugs or becoming intoxicated or impaired by alcohol or drugs is never an excuse for sexual misconduct and does not excuse the responsibility to obtain consent to sexual activity.

Reporting Prohibited Sexual Harassment

The Seminary strongly encourages all individuals to report incidents of sexual misconduct to Seminary officials. All employees are considered "responsible employees" for Title IX purposes and are obligated to promptly report sexual misconduct of which they are aware of to the Title IX Coordinator unless they have a recognized confidentiality privilege. Further, the Seminary encourages students and third parties who have observed or been made aware of sexual misconduct to report the incident to the Title IX Coordinator for investigation.

On-Campus Seminary Chaplain

The Seminary has a full-time chaplain, Rev. Dr. Karen Mosby. Rev. Mosby is located in Stead Hall Office 306, 847-866-3982, via email at karen.mosby@garrett.edu.

Off-Campus Counseling (Chicagoland Area)

The Seminary offers several free counseling sessions to current students who may be in emotional crisis. For more information about seeing a pastoral counselor, located throughout the Chicagoland area, please log into MyGETS at www.mygets.garrett.edu. Click on Student Services, located at the bar on the top of the page. On the left-hand side a list of offices will appear, click on the Office of Student Life. Then on the left-hand side of the page, click on the Pastoral Care and Counseling link. This will lead to the Pastoral Care and Counseling page where additional information may be found regarding counselors and their locations, how to apply for counseling, and counseling guidelines.

For further information regarding the Seminary counseling program, please contact Dr. Karen Mosby, Dean of Students, located in room 306 of the Main Building, 847-866-3936, via email karen.mosby@garrett.edu.

Additional Off-Campus Confidential Resources

Evanston Hospital 2650 Ridge Ave Evanston, IL 60201 847-570-2000

YWCA Evanston/North Shore 1215 Church Street Evanston, IL 60201 847-864-8445 https://www.ywca-ens.org/

Rape Victims Advocates 180 N. Michigan Ave, Suite 600 Chicago, IL 60601 312-443-9603 http://www.rapevictimadvocates.org

Porchlight Counseling Services (Free counseling for sexual and/or domestic/dating violence) 773-750-7077 http://www.porchlightcounseling.org

Title IX Coordinator and Title IX Deputy Coordinators

The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for monitoring and oversight of overall implementation of Title IX compliance and the prevention of harassment and discrimination at the Seminary, including coordination of training, education, communications, and administration of grievance procedures for faculty, staff, students, and other members of the Seminary community. If you have questions or concerns related to Title IX, you should contact the Seminary's Title IX Coordinator.

Title IX Coordinator

Carine Lopez Velazquez

Assoc. VP for Human Resources and Employee Engagement

Main building in room 118

2121 Sheridan Road, Evanston, IL 60201

847-866-3918

Email: titlenine@garrett.edu.

Deputy Title IX Coordinator

Scott Ostlund VP of Enrollment Management Main building in room 106 2121 Sheridan Road, Evanston, IL 60201 847-866-3865

Email: scott.ostlund@garrett.edu

Seminary Chaplain

Dr. Karen Mosby Dean of Students Main building in room 306 2121 Sheridan Road, Evanston, IL 60201 847-866-3936

Email: karen.mosby@garrett.edu.

A report may also be submitted online at:

http://www.garrett.edu/sexual-misconduct-and-title-ix

Local Law Enforcement

Complainants are also encouraged to notify local law enforcement authorities of any criminal sexual misconduct. Individuals will be assisted, upon request, in notifying law enforcement by the Title IX Coordinator, Assoc. VP for Human Resources and Employee Engagement, Academic Dean, or the Dean of Students. Law enforcement can assist you with making claims, petitioning for restraining orders, and/or advising on other options that may be available to you.

Dial 911 for an emergency.

Evanston Police Department 1454 Elmwood Ave Evanston, IL 60201 847-866-5000

https://www.cityofevanston.org/government/departments/police/victim-youth-services

Life Span Center for Legal Services and Advocacy 70 E. Lake Street, Suite 700 Chicago, IL 60601 (312) 408-1210

http://life-span.org/

Email: life-span@life-span.org

Investigation Process

- 1. Notice of Allegations. Complaints may be made by the person who believes they have experienced Title IX sexual harassment by any member of the Seminary community, or a third party affiliated with the Seminary. Complaints may be made to the Title IX Coordinator, the Human Resources Office, the Deputy Title IX Coordinator, the Academic Dean, the Dean of Students, or any other employee of the Seminary. Any employee of the Seminary (other than a confidential source as described above) receiving a complaint has a mandated obligation to inform the Title IX Coordinator immediately. Complaints may also be made through the online form at http://www.garrett.edu/sexual-misconduct-and-title-ix or via email at titlenine@garrett.edu.
- 2. Response to a Report. With or without a Formal Complaint, upon a report of sexual harassment prohibited by this policy, the Title IX Coordinator will promptly contact the Complainant to discuss the availability of Supportive Measures, consider the Complainant's wishes with respect to Supportive Measures, inform the Complainant of the availability of Supportive Measures with or without the filing of a Formal Complaint, and explain to the Complainant the process for filing a Formal Complaint.
- **3. Information Packet.** Upon a receipt of a report of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, or stalking, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall provide an information packet that contains procedures to follow if a sex offense, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking has occurred, including information in writing about
 - i. The importance of preserving evidence as may be necessary to the proof of criminal domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, or in obtaining a protection order and the identification and location of witnesses;
 - ii. How and to whom the alleged offense should be reported.
 - iii. Options regarding law enforcement and campus authorities, including notification of the option to:
 - **a.** notify proper law enforcement authorities, including oncampus and local police;
 - **b.** be assisted by campus authorities in voluntarily notifying law enforcement authorities; and
 - c. decline to notify such authorities;
 - iv. Where applicable, their rights and the institution's responsibilities regarding orders of protection, no-contact orders, restraining orders, or similar lawful orders issued by a criminal, civil, or tribal court;

- v. Information about appropriate and available services both at the institution and in the community including information about the availability of, and contact information for, on- and off-campus resources and services, and coordination with law enforcement, as appropriate; and
- vi. Options for, available reasonably available assistance and accommodations and how to request them; and
- vii. Information about the participation of victim advocates and other supporting people.

Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's information packet for victims of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking is available from the Title IX Coordinator.

- 4. Implementation of Supportive Measures. Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall treat parties equitably by offering Supportive Measures to the Complainant, and by following a grievance process that complies with this policy before the imposition of any disciplinary sanctions or other actions that are not Supportive Measures against the Respondent. Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary will maintain as confidential any Supportive Measures provided to the Complainant or Respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary to provide the Supportive Measures. The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for coordinating the effective implementation of Supportive Measures.
- 5. Emergency removal. Nothing in this part precludes Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary from removing a Respondent from Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's education program or activity on an emergency basis, provided that Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal, and provides the Respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.
- **6. Administrative Leave.** Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary reserves the right to place a non-student employee Respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a grievance process.
- 7. Amnesty for Student Code of Conduct Violations.

Sometimes, individuals are reluctant to come forward to report perceived violations of this policy out of fear that they may be charged with violations of other policies. To ensure that all perceived violations of this policy are reported so that those affected can receive the support and resources needed Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary may choose not to charge students who report violations of this policy with violations of other policies.

I. Procedures for Resolving Complaints of Prohibited Sexual Harassment

1. Informal Resolution

Consistent with the requirements of this section, at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility for Title IX sexual harassment, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary may facilitate an informal resolution process, such as mediation, that does not involve a full investigation and adjudication, provided that Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary:

- i. Provides to the parties a written notice disclosing:
 - a. The allegations,
 - b. The requirements of the informal resolution process including the circumstances under which it precludes the parties from resuming a Formal Complaint arising from the same allegations, provided, however, that at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution, any party has the right to withdraw from the informal resolution process and resume the grievance process with respect to the Formal Complaint, and
 - **c.** Any consequences resulting from participating in the informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared.
- ii. Obtains the parties' voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process; and
- Does not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.
- iv. Completes the informal resolution process within 60 days of receiving the Formal Complaint, unless unusual or complex circumstances exist.

Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary does not require as a condition of enrollment or continuing enrollment, or employment or continuing employment, or enjoyment of any other right, waiver of the right to an investigation, and adjudication of Formal Complaints of sexual harassment under this policy. Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall not require the parties to participate in an informal resolution process and will not offer an informal resolution process unless a Formal Complaint is filed.

2. Formal Complaint and the Grievance Process

i. Filing a Formal Complaint. A Formal Complaint may be filed with the Title IX Coordinator in person, by mail, or by electronic mail, by using the contact information listed for the Title IX Coordinator above. A "document filed by a Complainant" means a document or electronic submission (such as by electronic mail or through an online portal provided for this purpose by Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary) that contains the Complainant's physical or digital signature, or otherwise indicates that the Complainant is the person filing the Formal Complaint. Where the Title IX Coordinator signs a Formal Complaint, the Title IX Coordinator is not a Complainant or otherwise a party. A Formal Complaint shall trigger an investigation except as specified below. The Formal Complaint should include the date(s) of the alleged

incident(s), the name of the Respondent, and should describe the circumstances of the incident(s), where known.

- **ii. Dismissal of a Formal Complaint.** Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall investigate the allegations in a Formal Complaint, except as follows:
 - Mandatory Dismissal. Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall dismiss the Formal Complaint if the conduct alleged in the Formal Complaint
 - i. would not constitute Title IX sexual harassment as defined by this policy, even if proved,
 - ii. did not occur in Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's education program or activity,
 - iii. or did not occur against a person in the United States.
 - iv. This dismissal does not preclude action under another policy or procedure of Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary.
 - **b. Discretionary Dismissal.** Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary may dismiss the Formal Complaint or any allegations therein, if at any time during the investigation or hearing:
 - i. A Complainant notifies the Title IX Coordinator in writing that the Complainant would like to withdraw the Formal Complaint or any allegations therein;
 - ii. The Respondent is no longer enrolled in or employed by Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary; or
 - iii. Specific circumstances prevent Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination as to the Formal Complaint or allegations therein.
 - iv. Occurred prior to August 14, 2020, in which case, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's Sexual Misconduct Policy shall be used.

Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary may dismiss a Formal Complaint at any time in the process if it becomes known that one of the foregoing reasons for dismissal applies.

Upon a dismissal required or permitted under this section, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and reason(s) therefore simultaneously to the parties. Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary may also refer the matter to the appropriate department for resolution under the Faculty Grievance Procedure or Student Grievance Procedure.

iii. Consolidation of Formal Complaints. Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary may consolidate Formal Complaints as to allegations of sexual harassment against more than one Respondent, or by more than one Complainant against one or

more Respondents, or by one party against the other party, where the allegations of sexual harassment arising out of the same facts or circumstances. Where a grievance process involves more than one Complainant or more than one Respondent, references in this section to the singular "party," "Complainant," or "Respondent" include the plural, as applicable.

v. Notice of Charges

- a. Initial Notice of Charges. Upon receipt of a Formal Complaint, prior to commencing the investigation, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall provide the following written notice to the parties who are known. This notice shall include:
 - i. This policy (as a link or attachment).
 - ii. Notice of the allegations of sexual harassment potentially constituting sexual harassment as defined in this policy, including sufficient details known at the time and with sufficient time to prepare a response before any initial interview. Sufficient details include the identities of the parties involved in the incident if known, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment under this policy, and the date and location of the alleged incident, if known.
 - iii. A statement that the Respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process.
 - iv. Notification to the parties that they may have an advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney.
 - v. Notification to the parties that they may inspect and review evidence, as set forth in this policy.
 - vi. Any provision in Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's code of conduct that prohibits knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.
- vi. Amended Notice of Charges. If, in the course of an investigation, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary decides to investigate allegations about the Complainant or Respondent that are not included in the initial notice of charge, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary must provide notice of the additional allegations to the parties whose identities are known.

vii. Principles for the Grievance Process

Under this grievance process, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall:

- a. Ensure that the burden of proof and the burden of gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility rest on Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary and not on the parties, provided that Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary cannot access, consider, disclose, or otherwise use a party's records that are made or maintained by a physician, psychiatrist, psychologist, or other recognized professional or paraprofessional acting in the professional's or paraprofessional's capacity, or assisting in that capacity, and which are made and maintained in connection with the provision of treatment to the party, unless Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary obtains that party's voluntary, written consent to do so for a grievance process under this section (if a party is not an "eligible student," as defined in 34 CFR 99.3, then Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary must obtain the voluntary, written consent of a "parent," as defined in 34 CFR 99.3).
- **b.** Provide an equal opportunity for the parties to present witnesses, including fact and expert witnesses, and other inculpatory and exculpatory evidence.
- **c.** Not restrict the ability of either party to discuss the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence.
- d. Provide the parties with the same opportunities to have others present during any grievance proceeding, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by the advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, and not limit the choice or presence of advisor for either the Complainant or Respondent in any meeting or grievance proceeding; however, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary may establish restrictions regarding the extent to which the advisor may participate in the proceedings, as long as the restrictions apply equally to both parties. For the purposes of this policy, the role of the advisor is limited to the following: the advisor may attend any interview or meeting connected with the grievance process but may not actively participate in interviews nor provide testimony or argument on behalf of the party. The advisor may attend the live hearing and may conduct cross-examination of the other party and any witness at the hearing; otherwise, the advisor may not actively participate in the hearing.
- e. Allow each party to be accompanied by a support person if they do not wish to have an advisor. Each party may be accompanied by only one other person unless there is a good cause, such as a disability-related accommodation or union representative.
- **f.** Provide, to a party whose participation is invited or expected, written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of all hearings, investigative

interviews, or other meetings, with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.

- g. Require an objective evaluation of all relevant evidence—including both inculpatory and exculpatory evidence— and provide that credibility determinations may not be based on a person's status as a Complainant, Respondent, or witness.
- h. Require that any individual designated as a Title IX Coordinator, investigator, decisionmaker, or any person to facilitate an informal resolution process, not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or an individual Complainant or Respondent. Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary may use internal personnel or external parties in the informal resolution process or the grievance process, provided that they meet this requirement.
- i. Include a presumption that the Respondent is not responsible for the alleged conduct until a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process.
- j. Use the following standard of evidence to determine responsibility for allegations in a Formal Complaint of sexual harassment: the [SELECT OPTION: preponderance of the evidence standard/clear and convincing evidence standard.] The standard of evidence shall be the same for Formal Complaints against students as for Formal Complaints against faculty and staff.
- **k.** Not require, allow, rely upon, or otherwise use questions or evidence that constitute, or seek disclosure of, information protected under a legally recognized privilege, unless the person holding such privilege has waived the privilege.

viii. Extensions of the Grievance Process

The Title IX Coordinator may grant or deny requests from either party to temporarily delay the grievance process or may issue the limited extension of time frames for good cause with written notice to the Complainant and the Respondent of the delay or extension and the reasons for the action.

Good cause may include considerations such as the absence of a party, a party's advisor, or a witness; concurrent law enforcement activity; or the need for language assistance or accommodation of disabilities.

ix. Investigation of Formal Complaints

If not serving as the Investigator, the Title IX Coordinator will appoint an Investigator, who may be an employee or official of Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary or may be an external investigator with appropriate experience or expertise. The parties will be provided with notice of the identity of the appointed Investigator and will be informed that any objections to the service

of the appointed Investigator on grounds of conflict of interest or a lack of impartiality should be submitted in writing to the Title IX Coordinator within three days of notice of the appointment. The Title IX Coordinator will decide promptly whether the appointed Investigator will or will not continue to conduct the investigation. Any materials collected or notes prepared by the Investigator during the objection period will be turned over to any replacement Investigator. The replacement Investigator will decide whether to use such materials or not.

When investigating a Formal Complaint Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall, within 30 days of receiving the Formal Complaint, unless unusual or complex circumstances exist:

- a. Engage in fact-gathering of all relevant facts. Credibility resolutions and fact-finding shall be conducted in the live hearing phase of the grievance process.
- b. Provide both parties an equal opportunity to inspect and review any evidence obtained as part of the investigation that is directly related to the allegations raised in a Formal Complaint, including the evidence upon which Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary does not intend to rely in reaching a determination regarding responsibility and inculpatory or exculpatory evidence whether obtained from a party or other source so that each party can meaningfully respond to the evidence prior to the conclusion of the investigation.
- c. Prior to completion of the investigative report, send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, the evidence subject to inspection and review in an electronic format or a hard copy, and the parties must have at least 10 days to submit a written response, which the investigator will consider prior to completion of the investigative report.
- d. Make all such evidence subject to the parties' inspection and review available at any hearing to give each party equal opportunity to refer to such evidence during the hearing, including for purposes of cross-examination; and
- e. Create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and, at least 10 days prior to a hearing or other time of determination regarding responsibility, the Title IX Coordinator shall send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, the investigative report in an electronic format or a hard copy, for their review and written response. Upon finalization of the investigative report, the Title IX Coordinator shall provide it to the decision-maker(s).

II. Live Hearings Under the Grievance Process

- 1. Requirement of a Live Hearing for Fact-Finding and Determining Responsibility.
- i. Following the investigation, within 30 days of sending the final investigative report to the parties, unless unusual or complex circumstances exist, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall conduct a live hearing in front of the decision-maker(s), which may be an individual or a Review Panel, for the purposes of determining responsibility for allegations of sexual harassment in the Formal Complaint. The decision-maker(s) cannot be the same person(s) as the Title IX Coordinator or the investigator(s). A decision-maker may include internal employees or external third parties contracted by Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary. If using a Review Panel, the Title IX Coordinator will choose three Review Panel members from its pool to attend the hearing and make determinations. All potential Review Panel members will receive annual training as specified by this policy. The parties each may challenge the participation of any member of the Review Panel for conflict of interest or other good cause. The Title IX Coordinator will make the final decision whether to select an alternate upon a challenge from a party. If using a Review Panel, the Title IX Coordinator will appoint a member of the Review Panel to be Chair of the Review Panel.
- ii. The live hearing will be closed. The only individuals permitted to participate in the hearing are as follows: the Complainant and Respondent, the decision-maker(s), the advisor for each party, any witnesses (only while being questioned), and any individual providing authorized accommodations or assistive services.
- iii. If a party does not have an advisor present at the live hearing, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall provide without fee or charge to that party, an advisor of Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's choice, who may be but is not required to be, an attorney, to conduct cross-examination on behalf of that party. Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary is obligated to ensure each party has an advisor, either of the party's or [Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's choice regardless of whether or not the party is present at the hearing. To ensure timely proceedings, a party shall alert the Title IX Coordinator as soon as practicable if the party will need an advisor. If a party's selected advisor is unavailable for a hearing date, the live hearing date may be postponed for good cause.
- iv. Live hearings may be conducted with all parties physically present in the same geographic location or, at Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's discretion, any or all parties, witnesses, and other participants may appear at the live hearing virtually, with technology enabling participants simultaneously to see and hear each other.
- v. At the request of either party, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall provide for the live hearing to occur with the parties located in separate rooms

- with technology enabling the decision-maker(s) and parties to simultaneously see and hear the party or the witness answering questions.
- vi. Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall create an audio or audiovisual recording, or transcript, of any live hearing and make it available to the parties for inspection and review. Any other recording is prohibited, and violations may result in discipline.
- vii. The parties shall separately participate in a pre-hearing meeting with the Title IX Coordinator to go over the process and administration of the live hearing. Prior to or during this meeting, the Title IX Coordinator will set the deadlines for submitting and exchanging names of witnesses, evidence, and pre-hearing questions. (The parties will also be permitted to submit questions during the live hearing.) Participation in this pre-hearing meeting is required in order to facilitate the efficient and fair administration of the live hearing process.

2. Questioning at the Live Hearing

- **a.** At the live hearing, the decision-maker(s) must permit each party's advisor to ask the other party and any witnesses all relevant questions and follow-up questions, including those challenging credibility.
- **b.** Only relevant cross-examination and other questions may be asked of a party or witness.
- **c.** Decision-maker(s) also have the right to question a party or witness.
- **d.** Cross-examination at the live hearing must be conducted directly, orally, and in real-time by the party's advisor of choice and never by a party personally, notwithstanding Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's ability to otherwise restrict the extent to which advisors may participate in the proceedings.
- e. Before the Complainant, Respondent, or witness answers a crossexamination or other question, the Chair must first determine whether the question is relevant. The Chair must explain to the party proposing the questions any decision to exclude a question as not relevant.
- f. Questions and evidence about the Complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant, unless such questions and evidence about the Complainant's prior sexual behavior are offered to prove that someone other than the respondent committed the conduct alleged by the Complainant, or if the questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the complainant's prior sexual behavior with respect to the Respondent and are offered to prove consent.

3. Use of Witness Statements

i. The decision-maker(s) cannot draw an inference about the determination regarding responsibility based solely on a party's or witness's absence from the live hearing or refusal to answer cross-examination or other questions.

4. Written Determination of the Decision-Maker

- i. The decision-maker(s) shall issue a written determination regarding responsibility. If the decision-maker is a Review Panel, a majority of the Review Panel members must find that a policy violation occurred for a finding of responsibility and a majority of the Panel members must assent to the sanction(s) imposed, if any.
 - To reach this determination, the decision-maker must apply the standard of evidence required by this policy. The written determination must include:
 - **a.** Identification of the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment as defined by this policy;
 - **b.** A description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the Formal Complaint through the determination, including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and hearings held;
 - **c.** Findings of fact supporting the determination;
 - **d.** Conclusions regarding the application of Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's policy to the facts;
 - e. A statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allegation, including a determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent, and whether remedies are designed to restore or preserve equal access to Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's education program or activity will be provided to the complainant; and
 - **f.** The procedures and permissible bases for the Complainant and Respondent to appeal, as set forth in this policy.
- **ii.** Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall provide the written determination to the parties simultaneously.
- iii. The determination regarding responsibility becomes final either on the date that Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary provides the parties with the written determination of the result of the appeal, if an appeal is filed, or if an appeal is not filed, the date on which an appeal would no longer be considered timely.

III. Appeals

1. Grounds

Within 10 days of receiving the written determination, either party may appeal from a determination regarding responsibility, and from Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's dismissal of a Formal Complaint or any allegations therein, on the following grounds:

- **Ground 1:** Procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter;
- Ground 2: New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter; and
- Ground 3: The Title IX Coordinator, the investigator(s), or decision-maker(s) had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or the individual complainant or respondent that affected the outcome of the matter.

Appeals must be sent to the Title IX Coordinator in writing.

2. Response to Appeals

As to all appeals, the Title IX Coordinator (or designee) shall:

- i. Notify the other party in writing immediately when an appeal is filed and implement appeal procedures equally for both parties;
- ii. Ensure that the decision-maker(s) for the appeal is not the same person as the decision-maker(s) that reached the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal, the investigator(s), or the Title IX Coordinator;
- **iii**. Ensure that the decision-maker(s) for the appeal complies with the standards set forth in this policy;
- iv. Give the non-appealing party an opportunity to submit a written statement in response to the appeal within 10 days of receiving the appeal, which shall be transmitted within 2 business days to the Appeal decision-maker(s).

3. Decision on Appeal

Within 20 days of receiving the appeal and the response, the Appeal decision-maker(s) shall issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties. The Appeal decision-maker(s) may deny the appeal or, if the appeal ground(s) has or have been met, may return the case to the initial decision-maker(s) for reconsideration, or convene a new hearing. If a case is returned to the initial decision-maker(s), the Appeal decision-maker(s) shall identify which aspects merit further review.

IV. Remedies and Sanctions

Remedies must be designed to restore or preserve equal access to Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's education program or activity.

OPTION: A student found responsible for a violation of this policy will be subject to sanction(s) regardless of whether legal proceedings involving the same incident are underway or anticipated. An employee found responsible for a violation of this policy will be subject to sanction(s) up to and including termination of employment.

Possible sanctions and remedies that Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary may implement following any determination of responsibility includes but is not limited to expulsion, withdrawal of an awarded degree, a no-contact order, written warning, suspension, a fine, restitution, community service, probation, reference to counseling, termination of employment, and notation in the Respondent's official student or personnel file of the fact of a violation and the sanction.

The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for the effective implementation of any remedies.

V. Retaliation Prohibited

No student, faculty or staff member may intimidate, threaten, coerce, or discriminate against any individual for the purpose of interfering with any right established by this policy or because the individual has made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under this policy.

Intimidation, threats, coercion, or discrimination, including charges against an individual for code of conduct violations that do not involve sex discrimination or sexual harassment, but arise out of the same facts or circumstances as a report or complaint of sex discrimination, or a report or Formal Complaint of sexual harassment, for the purpose of interfering with any right under this Policy constitutes retaliation.

Complaints alleging retaliation may be filed according to the grievance procedures for sex discrimination available at MyGets.

Charging an individual with a code of conduct violation for making a materially false statement in bad faith in the course of a grievance proceeding under this policy does not constitute retaliation prohibited under this section, provided, however, that a determination regarding responsibility, alone, is not sufficient to conclude that any party made a materially false statement in bad faith.

VI. Confidentiality

Consistent with the requirements of this policy, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall keep confidential the identity of any individual who has made a report or complaint of sex discrimination, including any individual who has made a report or filed a Formal Complaint of sexual harassment, any complainant, any individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of sex discrimination, any respondent, and any witness, except as may be permitted by the FERPA statute, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, or FERPA regulations, 34 CFR part 99, or as required by law, or to carry out the

purposes of 34 CFR part 106, including the conduct of any investigation, hearing, or judicial proceeding arising thereunder. This means that Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary will protect the party's privacy consistent with this Policy but may disclose information to those who have a legitimate need to know and in order to process complaints under this policy.

Confidentiality is not absolute, however. Where criminal conduct has occurred, or where the health and/or safety of others in the community may be in danger, it may be necessary for Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary to take appropriate steps to protect the safety of its students and employees, including the person who has reported the misconduct.

Counselors, Chaplains, and medical providers working at or on behalf of Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary are Confidential Resources. In most cases, Confidential Resources at Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary will not share the substance of any such communications or that such communications occurred without consent. Individuals who wish to talk about issues related to sexual harassment or sexual misconduct confidentially, with the understanding that Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary will not take any action based on such confidential communications, are encouraged to contact one of these Confidential Resources.

Confidential resources may, however, have an obligation to disclose otherwise-privileged information where they perceive an immediate and/or serious threat to a person and/or property. This is a limited exception to the privileged nature of communications with Confidential Resources. Reports or records maintained by Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary (including Counseling Service records), and other confidential, non-privileged records may, however, be subject to a subpoena if civil or criminal charges are filed in court.

In accordance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, Confidential Resources will not report Clery crimes they learn about through confidential communications for purposes of Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's compilation of campus crime statistics. In addition, when appropriate and legally permissible, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall conduct record-keeping on reports of dating violence, domestic violence, stalking, and sexual assault, such as that collected for legally required disclosures, that excludes personally-identifiable information of any complainants.

VII. Required Training

The Title IX Coordinator, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process (whether internal or external shall receive training on the definition of sexual harassment under this policy, the scope of Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's education program or activity, how to conduct an investigation and grievance process including hearings, appeals, and informal

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¹ Crimes reported to a pastoral or professional counselor are not required to be reported by an institution under the Clery Act; however, institutions are strongly encouraged to establish voluntary, confidential reporting processes so that incidents of crime that are reported exclusively to professional and pastoral counselors will be included in the annual crime statistics. 34 C.F.R. §668.46(b)(2)(iii).

resolution processes, as applicable, and how to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue, conflicts of interest, and bias. These individuals shall receive annual training on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking and how to conduct an investigation and hearing process that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability.

Decision-makers shall receive training on any technology to be used at a live hearing and on issues of relevance of questions and evidence, including when questions and evidence about the Complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant.

Investigators shall receive training on issues of relevance to create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence.

Any materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process, will not rely on sex stereotypes, and will promote impartial investigations and adjudications of Formal Complaints of sexual harassment.

VIII. Recordkeeping.

Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall maintain for a period of seven years records of:

- 1. Each sexual harassment investigation including any determination regarding responsibility and any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript required under this policy, any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent, and any remedies provided to the complainant designed to restore or preserve equal access to Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's education programs or activities.
- 2. Any appeal and the result therefrom.
- 3. Any informal resolution and the result therefrom; and
- 4. All materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process. Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary shall make these training materials publicly available on its website/ Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary does not maintain a website and shall make these materials available upon request for inspection by members of the public.
- 5. Records of any actions, including any Supportive Measures, taken in response to a report or Formal Complaint of sexual harassment. In each instance, Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary will document the basis for its conclusion that its response was not deliberately indifferent, and document that it has taken measures designed to restore or preserve equal access to Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's education program or activity. If Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary does not provide a complainant with Supportive Measures, then Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary] must document the reasons why such a response was not clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances. The documentation of certain bases or measures does not limit Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary in the future from providing additional explanations or detailing additional measures taken.

IX. Effective Date; Revisions

This policy is effective as of April 4, 2022, and was approved by the Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary's Board of Trustees on April 13, 2022

Alternative Procedures

Nothing in this policy is intended to interfere with the right of any individual to pursue other avenues of recourse which may include, but are not limited to, filing a complaint with:

Office for Civil Rights – Chicago Office U.S. Department of Education Citigroup Center 500 W. Madison Street, Suite 1475 Chicago, IL 60661-4544 (312) 730-1560 TDD (800) 877-8339

Email: OCR.Chicago@ed.gov

Equal Employment Opportunity Commission – Chicago District Office 500 West Madison Street, Suite 2000 Chicago, Illinois 60661 (800) 669-4000 TDD (800) 669-6820